

Optimization of a Method to Evaluate the Fundamental Frequency in Real Time

Voinea Radu Cociu, Livia Cociu,
Faculty of Electrical Engineering, "Gh. Asachi" Technical University, Iasi, Romania
cociuvr@ee.tuiasi.ro, lcociu@ee.tuiasi.ro

Abstract— The problem studied in this paper and described in the literature is determining the fundamental frequency of a non-trivial signal in real-time. Using the gradient-descent algorithm, a new optimized method for fundamental frequency evaluation was proposed. The comparison between the two methods, classic and optimized, was carried out by utilizing a sine, square and amplitude modulated wave as input. In all cases, using the optimized method the system clearly performs better.

Keywords— electrical machines diagnosis, fundamental frequency evaluation, gradient-descent algorithm, automatic adjustment system

REFERENCES

- [1] William T. Thomson and Mark Fenger, „Current signature analysis to detect induction motor faults”, IEEE Industry Applications Magazine, pp. 26-34, July/August 2001.
- [2] IEEE Motor Reliability Working Group, “Report of large motor reliability survey of industrial commercial installations - Part I”, *IEEE Trans. Ind. Applicat.*, vol IA-21, pp. 853-872, July/Aug. 1985.
- [3] O.V. Thorsen and M. Dalva, “Condition monitoring methods, failure identification and analysis for high voltage motors in petrochemical industry”, *Proc. 8th Inst. Elec. Eng. Int. Conf., EMD '97*, University of Cambridge, no. 444, pp. 109-113, 1997.
- [4] Arun Gandhi, Timothy Corrigan, Leila Parsa, „Recent Advances in Modeling and Online Detection of Stator Interturn Faults in Electrical Motors”, IEEE Transactions on Industrial Electronics, vol. 58, no. 5, may, 2011.
- [5] A. Bonnett and G. Soukup, “Cause and analysis of stator and rotor failures in three-phase squirrel-cage induction motors”, *IEEE Trans. Ind. Appl.*, vol. 28, no. 4, pp. 921--937, Jul./Aug. 1992
- [6] Alberto Bellini, Amine Yazidi, Fiorenzo Filippetti, Claudio Rossi and Gérard-André Capolino, „High Frequency Resolution Techniques for Rotor Fault Detection of Induction Machines”, *IEEE Trans. Ind. Applicat.*, vol. 55, no.12, pp. 4200-4209, Dec 2008.
- [7] M. Haji and H. Toliyat, “Pattern recognition-----A technique for induction machines rotor broken bar detection” , *IEEE Trans. Energy Convers.*, vol. 16, no. 4, pp. 312--317, Dec. 2001.
- [8] Hugh Douglas, Pragasen Pillay, Alireza K. Ziarani, „A New Algorithm for Transient Motor Current Signature Analysis Using Wavelets”, IEEE Transactions on Industry Applications, vol. 40, no. 5, september/October 2004.