Three Parameters Optimization of Acting Force of DC Electromagnet

Alin-Iulian Dolan **Electrical Engineering Faculty** University of Craiova Craiova, Romania adolan@elth.ucv.ro

Abstract— The paper proposes an optimized geometry for a DC electromagnet combining the experimental design (DOE) and FEM. The optimization problem takes into account three geometrical parameters (coil shape ratio, support thickness ratio and support height ratio) and consists in maximization of the acting force related to the largest air-gap, maintaining the global dimensions of electromagnet (external radius, height of carcass, height of plunger with support) and the crosssection of the coil. The method by zooms without computation of models was used to obtain a gain of 3.17% in acting force corresponding to the airgap of 41 mm. The numerical computation of electromagnetic force used the Maxwell Stress Tensor approach in FEMM software.

Keywords- optimization; DOE; 2-D FEM

REFERENCES

[1] D. Montgomery, Design and analysis of experiment, 5-th Edition, Arizona State University, 2000.

[2] F. Gillon, "Modelisation et optimisation par plans d'experiences d'un moteur a commutations electronique," Ph-D Thesis, Lille, 1997.

[3] M. Caldora-Costa, "Optimisation de dispositifs electromagnetiques dans un contexte d'analyse par la methode des elements finis," Ph-D Thesis, Grenoble, 2001.

[4] S. Vivier, "Strategies d'optimisation par la methode des plans d'experiences et applications aux dispositives electrotechniques modelise par elements finis," Ph-D Thesis, Lille, 2002.

[5] F. Gillon, and P. Brochet, "Screening and response surface method applied to the numerical optimization of electromagnetic devices," IEEE Transaction on Magnetics, Vol. 36, No. 4, pp.1163-1166, 2000.

[6] D.-K. Hong, K.-C. Lee, B.-C. Woo, and D.-H. Koo, "Optimum design of electromagnet in magnetic levitation system for contactless delivery application using response surface methodology," Proceedings of the 2008 International Conference on Electrical Machines, pp. 1-6, 2008. [7] J.-M. Biedinger, and D. Lemoine, "Shape sensitivity analysis of magnetic forces", IEEE Trans.on Magn., Vol.30, pp. 2309-2516, 1997. [8] G. Sefkat, "The design optimization of the electromechanical actuator," Structural and Multidisciplinary Optimization, February 2009, Volume 37, Issue 6, pp. 635-644, 2009.

[9] I. Yatchev, M. Rudnicki, K. Hinov, and V. Gueorgiev, "Optimization of a permanent magnet needle actuator," COMPEL, Vol. 31, Issue 3, pp. 1018-1028, 2012.

[10] S. Yong, J. Tong, S. Enze, and Y. Zaiming, "Analysis and optimization of static characteristics in overall operating conditions of

electromagnetic actuator," Research Journal of Applied Sciences, Engineering and Technology 7(8), pp. 1561-1567, 2014. [11] A.-I. Dolan, "Optimization of DC electromagnet using design of experiments and FEM," XIII-th IEEE International Conference on Applied and Theoretical Electricity - ICATE 2016, Craiova, Romania, October 06-08, pp. 1-6, 2016.

[12] A.-I. Dolan, and F. Stefanescu, "Exhaustive optimization method based on DOE and FEM applied on a SMES device," IEEE 19-th International Symposium on Electrical Apparatus and Technologies (SIELA 2016), Bourgas, May 29 - June 01, pp. 1-4, 2016.

[13] G. Hortopan, Electrical apparatus of low voltage (in Romanian), Tehnica Publishing House, Bucharest, 1969.

[14] A.-I. Dolan, and F. Stefanescu, "Optimization of modular toroid coil geometry of a superconducting magnetic energy storage device using design of experiments and FEM," IEEE 12-th International Conference on Applied and Theoretical Electricity - ICATE 2014, Craiova, October 23-25, pp. 1-7, 2014.