

Study of the influence on gas emissions by using hydrogen in a diesel engine

Cosmin Constantin Suciu, Sorin Vlad Igreț, Ioana Ionel

<https://doi.org/10.1088/1757-899x/1220/1/012012>

Abstract

This research studies the possibility of the reduction of the emission values emitted by a diesel engine, by adding hydrogen to the fuel mixture. Due to the higher pollution restrictions implemented globally on the internal combustion engines, for new but also older vehicles, suitable solutions must be found, even for diesel engines, towards major incriminations concerning pollution are attested. The water electrolytic conversion for hydrogen production is achieved by using a special device, in symbioses with the internal combustion engine. The hydrogen quantity, as resulted from the process and fuelled into the engine, represents 10% of the total volume of the intake capacity. Being directly correlated to the stoichiometric ratio, the intake of hydrogen is finally controlled; therefore the total calorific power of the fuel mixture is increasing. The calorific value of Diesel is 44.8 MJ/kg, while that of hydrogen is 141.8 MJ/kg. Since the addition of hydrogen represents 10% of the total intake capacity, the addition of total calorific value of the mixture fuelled raises by approximate 30%. All the measurements have been done in a lab using a certified and approved gas analyser.

Keywords: diesel engine emissions, hydrogen, fuel mixture, internal combustion engines

References

1. Das HS, Rahman MM, Li S and Tan CW 2020 Electric vehicles standards charging infrastructure and impact on grid integration: A technological review Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews **120**
[Go to reference in articleGoogle Scholar](#)
2. Ward Jacob W. and Jeremy J. 2021 Michalek and Constantine Samaras Environmental Science & Technology 55
[Go to reference in articleGoogle Scholar](#)

The XXXI-st SIAR International Congress of Automotive and Transport Engineering

**"Automotive and Integrated Transport Systems" (AITS 2021),
28th-30th October 2021, Chisinau, Republic of Moldova**

Conference Series: Materials Science and Engineering, 2022, Vol. 1220, Nr. 1

3. Mayer A, Burtscher H, Loretzand M Kasper S and Czerwinski J 2018 High air pollution in vehicle cabins due to traffic nanoparticle emission exposure and a solution for in-use vehicles **421**
[Go to reference in articleGoogle Scholar](#)
4. Peters R., Decker M., Eggemann L. et al 2020 Thermodynamic and ecological preselection of synthetic fuel intermediates from biogas at farm sites Energy, Sustainability and Society **10** article 4
[Go to reference in articleGoogle Scholar](#)
5. Szczygieł Jerzy and Kułażyński Marek 2020 Thermodynamic limitations of synthetic fuel production using carbon dioxide: A cleaner methanol-to-gasoline process Journal of Cleaner Production **276**
[Go to reference in articleGoogle Scholar](#)
6. Haseli Y 2018 Maximum conversion efficiency of hydrogen fuel cells International Journal of Hydrogen Energy **43** 9015-9021
[Go to reference in articleGoogle Scholar](#)
7. Shin Jungwoo, Hwang Won-Sik and Choi Hyundo 2019 Can hydrogen fuel vehicles be a sustainable alternative on vehicle market?: Comparison of electric and hydrogen fuel cell vehicles Technological Forecasting and Social Change **143** 239-248
[Go to reference in articleGoogle Scholar](#)
8. Acar Canan and Dincer Ibrahim 2020 The potential role of hydrogen as a sustainable transportation fuel to combat global warming International Journal of Hydrogen Energy **45** 3396-3406
[Go to reference in articleGoogle Scholar](#)
9. Subramanian Balaji and Ismail Saleel 2018 Production and use of HHO gas in IC engines International Journal of Hydrogen Energy **43** 7140-7154
[Go to reference in articleGoogle Scholar](#)
10. Subramanian Balaji and Thangavel Venugopal 2020 Analysis of onsite HHO gas generation system International Journal of Hydrogen Energy **45** 14218-14231
[Go to reference in articleGoogle Scholar](#)
11. Kalamaras Christos M. and Efstathiou Angelos M. 2013 Hydrogen Production Technologies. Current State and Future Developments, Conference paper, special issue Power Options for the Eastern Mediterranean Region <https://doi.org/10.1155/2013/690627pp1-9>
[Go to reference in articleGoogle Scholar](#)
12. <https://images.app.goo.gl/2QdheyWmAwwZeJXpC8>
[Go to reference in articleGoogle Scholar](#)